



## BCG (tuberculosis)

Vaccination against tuberculosis is usually recommended from 1 month to age 15 for children with a high risk of tuberculosis.

## Diphtheria-tetanus-poliomyelitis (DTP)

The adult booster shots are recommended at specific ages, i.e. at ages 25, 45, 65 and then every ten years.

## Whooping cough

The whooping cough booster is given to adults aged 25, with catch-up vaccinations offered until 39 years of age. It is recommended that pregnant women protect their babies by getting a whooping cough vaccination from their second trimester onwards.

## Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)

For children who were not vaccinated before the age of 6 months, catch-up vaccinations may be given until the age of 5 with single-antigen vaccines (one to three doses depending on age).

## Hepatitis B

If vaccination has not been carried out during the first year of life, it can be performed up to and including age 15. From the age of 16 onwards, it is recommended only for those exposed to a risk of hepatitis B.

## Pneumococcus

Beyond 24 months of age, this vaccination is only recommended for children and adults at risk.

## Measles-mumps-rubella (MMR)

For individuals born after 1980, being up to date means having received two doses of vaccine.

## Meningococcus C

From 12 months of age and up to and including age 24, a single dose is recommended for those who have not yet been vaccinated.

## Rotavirus

Recommended for all infants from 2 months of age. Two to three (oral) doses are required depending on the vaccine.

## Meningococcus B

Children who did not receive the three recommended vaccine doses at 3, 5 and 12 months may be eligible for catch-up vaccinations until the age of 2 years.

## Human papillomavirus (HPV)

Vaccination is recommended for girls and boys aged 11 to 14 years, with boosters up to and including age 19 years. Vaccination is also recommended for men who have sex with men (MSM) up to the age of 26.

## Influenza

Vaccination is recommended every year, particularly for individuals with a risk of complications: elderly persons aged 65 and over, those suffering from certain chronic diseases, including children from 6 months of age, pregnant women and obese individuals (BMI > 40 kg/m<sup>2</sup>). Influenza vaccination will now be offered to all children aged 2 to 17 years.

## COVID-19

In addition to at-risk individuals who are candidates for the influenza vaccine, individuals with psychiatric disorders, dementia or Down syndrome are also eligible for the COVID-19 vaccine during the autumn months.

In the springtime, vaccination is recommended for elderly persons aged 80 and over, nursing home residents and patients in long-term care units, together with immunocompromised individuals of all ages.

## Shingles

Vaccination is recommended for individuals aged 65 and over.

Find out more



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Any questions? Need advice? Talk to a healthcare professional.

